

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MATERIALS ENGINEERING JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI

TEST METHOD MoDOT T55 DETERMINATION OF CALCIUM, MAGNESIUM AND POTASSIUM IN SOILS

- **1.0 Scope.** This method describes a procedure for determining the pounds per acre of exchangeable calcium, magnesium and potassium in soils by atomic absorption spectrophotometry.
- 2.0 Reagents and Apparatus.
- **2.1** An Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer.
- 2.2 Acetic Acid (HC₂H₃O₂), 95.5%, 1.05 specific gravity.
- 2.3 Ammonium Hydroxide (NH₄OH), 0.90 specific gravity.
- **2.4** Hydrochloric Acid (HCl), 1.42 specific gravity.
- 2.5 Lanthanum Oxide (La₂O₃), low calcium grade.
- **2.6** Calcium Carbonate (CaCO₃), primary standard grade, dried at 105-110°C for several hours prior to use.
- **2.7** Potassium Chloride (KCl), reagent grade, dried at 105-110°C for several hours prior to use.
- **2.8** 1000 ppm Magnesium Stock Solution. This solution can be purchased from a number of sources, or it can be prepared in the laboratory from a suitable pure magnesium salt.
- **3.0** Preparation of Extracting Solution (1N NH₄OAc @ pH 7.0). Pour 58 mL of acetic acid into approximately 500 mL of distilled water. Add 70 mL NH₄OH and mix. Dilute to approximately 950 mL and cool. Adjust the pH to 7.0 ± 0.05 with acetic acid or NH₄OH. Dilute to 1000 mL with distilled water.
- 4.0 Preparation of Standard Solutions.



TM-55 (Page 2 of 2) (Rev 05-01-00)

- **4.1** Lanthanum Stock Solution (10% La): Weigh 117.28 g of La_2O_3 into a 600-mL beaker and add 400 mL distilled water. While stirring, slowly add 500 mL HCl. Stir until solution is complete. Cool, transfer to a 1000-mL volumetric flask, and dilute to volume.
- **4.2** Ca, Mg and K Standard Solution: Weigh 0.5619 g dried CaCO₃ into a 500-mL volumetric flask, dissolve in a minimum amount of HCl and add 0.0286 g dried KCl. Pipette a 25-mL aliquot of 1000 ppm Mg stock solution into flask and dilute to volume with distilled water. Pipette a 2-mL aliquot of this stock solution into a 100-mL volumetric flask. Add a 2-mL aliquot of 1N NH₄OAc extracting solution, a 2-mL aliquot of 10% La solution, and dilute to volume with distilled water. This solution is 9.0 ppm Ca (equivalent to 9000 lbs./acre Ca), 1.0 ppm Mg (equivalent to 1000 lbs./acre Mg), and 0.60 ppm K (equivalent to 600 lbs./acre K).

Note: If necessary, the range for Ca, Mg and K can be extended by preparation of a second standard prepared as follows:

Pipette a 4-mL aliquot of the Ca, Mg and K stock solution into a 100-mL volumetric flask, adding a 2-mL aliquot of 1N NH₄OAc extracting solution, a 2-mL aliquot of 10% La solution and diluting to volume with distilled water. This solution is 18.0 ppm Ca (equivalent to 18,000 lbs./acre Ca), 2.0 ppm Mg (equivalent to 2000 lbs./acre Mg), and 1.20 ppm K (equivalent to 1200 lbs./acre K).

- **4.3** Blank Solution: Pipette a 2-mL aliquot of 1N NH_4OAc extracting solution and a 2-mL aliquot of 10% La solution into a 100-mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with distilled water.
- **5.0 Procedure.** Place 1 g of soil into a 20-mL scintillation vial or other suitable container. Add 10 mL of extracting solution and shake for 5 minutes. Filter on Whatman #2 paper or equivalent. Pipette a 2-mL aliquot of the filtrate into a 100-mL volumetric flask, add a 2-mL aliquot of 10% La solution and dilute to volume with distilled water.

Calibrate the instrument using the Blank Solution and the Ca, Mg or K Standard Solutions, then determine the concentration of the Sample Solution.

6.0 Calculations. The method of calculating the lbs./acre of Ca, Mg and K will vary according to the make and model of instrument used.

Report the results to the nearest lb./acre as follows:

Pounds per Acre Calcium (Ca) Pounds per Acre Magnesium (Mg) Pounds per Acre Potassium (K)

